

REPUBLICANS WIN SWEEPING VICTORY IN MAINE ELECTION

Returns Today From Isolated Points Emphasize Earlier Announcements.

MILLIKEN FOR GOVERNOR BY 13,355 PLURALITY

Solid Delegation Will Come to Congress—Frederick Hale Chosen for Senate.

GAIN LEGISLATIVE CONTROL

Good Working Majority in Both Houses Assured—Revised Vote for Various Candidates Given.

PORTLAND, Me., September 12.—The thoroughness of the republican victory at the polls yesterday was emphasized as the returns from isolated towns and plantations straggled in today. Revised figures place the plurality of Gov.-elect Carl E. Milliken, republican, over Gov. Oakley C. Curtis at 13,355. Returns from the border show that the members of the 2d Maine Infantry cast a total vote of 470, of which Milliken received 300.

Pluralities for the republicans, who will send a solid delegation to Congress, were practically unchanged from the figures of last night, as were the pluralities of Frederick Hale and former Gov. Bert M. Fernald, who were elected to the United States Senate.

The republicans, who have held a majority in the state senate, will control both houses by a good working majority.

Revised Vote for Chief Posts.

The revised vote for governor, United States senators and representatives in Congress follows:

Governor.	
Milliken (rep.), 79,962.	Curtis (dem.), 66,547.

United States Senators.	
Hale (rep.), 78,044.	Johnson (dem.), 68,273.
Fernald (rep.), 79,388.	Sills (dem.), 66,532.

Representatives.	
Goodall (rep.), 19,732.	Stevens (dem.), 16,163.
White (rep.), 19,157.	McGillucuddy (dem.), 16,770.
Peters (rep.), 21,520.	Bunker (dem.), 18,777.
Hersey (rep.), 18,066.	Pierce (dem.), 11,113.

Largest Vote in State's History.

The largest vote in the history of Maine was cast at the state election yesterday. The total vote will approximate 150,000. These figures have not been approached since 1880, the year the democratic and republican parties fused, when the total was 147,802. In the last presidential year and two years ago it fell below 125,000. The report from Laredo, Tex., said that the members of the 2d Maine Infantry gave a total of 470 votes, of which the republicans received 300. The vote of the soldiers followed about the percentage of that cast at home. The county vote, as usual, controlled the election. The republicans received a plurality of 51 for Gov. Curtis, as against 6,990 received by him two years ago. By a vote of about four to one the voters approved the state law limiting the employment of women and children to fifty-hour hours a week.

Reinforced by Progressives.

The republicans were reinforced by returning progressives. The republican drift extended to county officers, the greater number of counties choosing republican county attorneys and sheriffs. These officers are important locally because their holders are charged with enforcing the prohibition law. The vote was heavy, as had been expected, for the campaign had been waged with a determination not seen in recent years. The country was searched out for speakers of national prominence, and the greater number of these battled on national issues. The fight was particularly hot for the two United States senators and the four places held by Maine in the lower house at Washington. National defense, the tariff and the eight-hour law for railroad men loomed large in the speeches.

Sees Hughes Indorsement.

United States Senator-elect Frederick Hale last night telegraphed to Charles E. Hughes, who had shared in the campaign, claiming that the vote was an indorsement of Hughes' candidacy for the presidency. Gov. Curtis issued a statement asserting that anything less than a two-thirds plurality of 15,000 would indicate that the people of Maine wished to uphold the President. The progressives, who two years ago cast 13,224 votes, returned largely to the republican party in the opinion of republican leaders. The closest fight was for Congress from the second district, where Representative Daniel J. McGillucuddy was defeated by Wallace H. White, Jr.

VOTE FOR PARTY NOMINEES.

Colorado Electors Picking Candidates for Congress and State Officers. DENVER, Col., September 12.—Colorado electors will select party nominees (Continued on Tenth Page.)

STORY FROM MAINE, BULL MOOSE FOLD

If Percentage Going to Republicans Is Maintained Hughes Will Be Elected.

McGILLICUDDY DISTRICT GIVES BIGGEST SURPRISE

Defeat Not Expected by the Republicans—Criticism of "8-Hour Law" to Continue.

BY N. O. MESSENGER.

NEW YORK, September 12.—To the republican national leaders the most important feature of the Maine result, in its bearing upon nation-wide politics, is the demonstration beyond dispute that the progressive vote in that state has returned to the republican party by a percentage which, if maintained throughout the country, would insure the republicans carrying the great northern and middle west states.

The democratic argument in support of their claim of a presidential victory in November has been based mainly upon the belief that the progressives would not return in sufficient numbers to give the republicans the lead over President Wilson's popularity, the labor strength and the "kept us out of war" sentiment. Yesterday's vote in Maine, as analyzed here, shows that the progressives in that state came back practically en masse.

Vote in Past Years.

The combined Taft and Roosevelt vote in 1912 was 75,038. The combined republican and progressive vote for governor in 1912 was 77,087. The early figure at hand, when this dispatch is sent shows a republican vote yesterday of 77,045. But that is not all. It was admitted that one-third of the progressive vote in 1912 was drawn from the democrats by Roosevelt and at least 5,000 of the progressive vote in 1914 were of democratic antecedents. The republicans are now asking if the democratic progressives have voted the republican ticket or did they maintain their strength by drawing out independent republican strength that may have stayed at home in 1914.

The next most important feature of the election yesterday to the republicans was the capturing of the doubtful United States Senate seat. As stated in The Star's dispatches from Maine, a republican plurality of 10,000 or better on the state ticket would elect Fred Hale. Senator Bunker's prediction, published in Sunday's Star, forecast a close race on the score of acceptance, by disaffected democrats and progressives, of the argument that it was suicidal for Maine voters to express a preference for a republican state and national vote for a democratic senator. Senator Bunker's judgment, that the voters were swayed by this argument, according to his observation, is justified by the result.

McGillucuddy Defeat Surprise.

In the McGillucuddy district the republicans are surprised and the democrats dismayed. The "inside" democratic estimate on McGillucuddy last Saturday was that he would have at least a plurality of 2,000, while the republicans expected at best to cut his plurality of two years ago down to a close margin, but hardly dared hope to defeat him. In the case of the McGillucuddy district and the state ticket, outside of the "inside" being, "dry" unquestionably wielded a great influence in the result. As explained in The Star's dispatches, it fell out that the republican candidates generally and the sympathy of the "drys" and the democrats of the wets.

Even the republican press, however, did not always "vote as they drink," and Maine is a dry state on the statute books. The politicians here say that if it is not on the actual consumption of liquors and beer.

"Clean Up" Lewiston.

I was told in Lewiston that the influence of all the churches there, including the one whose communicants are largely of the democratic political faith, was being quietly exerted against the democratic ticket to "clean up Lewiston."

The election of Milliken as governor and the election of a number of republican sheriffs and other democratic candidates promises a stricter enforcement of prohibition, it is generally agreed. Milliken has said he would override recalcitrant sheriffs wherever necessary. Even the republican joint in giving Col. Roosevelt unlimited credit for bringing back the progressives, in which action he was aided by Hal F. Gardner, progressive candidate for governor two years ago; by Raymond Hobbs of Chicago, and other progressives of national reputation.

The Maine republicans were grateful for the efforts of the senators and representatives who came into the state in drawing out the republican vote by explaining the national issues. An afterthought feature of the election of general bearing is the expected continuance of Mr. Hughes and the republican national platform along the present lines of campaign, including criticism of the coercion used in enacting the eight-hour law scale for the railroad men.

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FATALITIES CAUSED BY STRIKEBREAKER

"Green" Motorman Runs New York Trolley Off Track; Two Dead, Thirteen Hurt.

"L" CARS ARE BOMBARDED WITH BRICKS AND STONES

Union Leaders Claim Many Subway Men Join Ranks—No General Sympathetic Walkout.

NEW YORK, September 12.—The first serious accident of the street railway strike in this city occurred early today when a trolley car of the Union Railways Company in the Bronx, operated by a "green" motorman, got beyond control on a steep grade, and, jumping the track at a curve, crashed into two jitney busses, killing two persons and severely injuring thirteen others. Four of the injured may die. The car crew was arrested pending investigation.

Night of Riot.

After a night of intermittent rioting, motormen on the 6th and 9th avenue elevated roads reported to the police that they had been fired upon by strikers from roof tops. Third avenue elevated trains were repeatedly bombarded with bricks and stones from buildings. One passenger, a woman, was struck on the head and seriously injured. Five arrests were made. The congestion on the subways and elevated roads today was even more pronounced than yesterday, due to the fact that there was little or no service on the surface lines of Manhattan and the Bronx. Not a car wheel moved on the Westchester lines of Yonkers, Mount Vernon and New Rochelle.

Frays were said to have taken place between the union within the last twenty-four hours. Friction officials maintain that all their employees who signed the "master and servant" contract remained loyal. The new order divides the western front into three sectors, and assigns these to three princely commanders, who, regardless of reasons of policy which dictated their appointments to command of armies at the beginning of the war, have won their spurs by the successful conduct of operations. They are regarded here not as figureheads, but as generals of experience and distinction.

No General Strike Sought.

Hugh Frayne, state organizer of the American Federation of Labor, insisted today that a general walkout by all labor unions was not being considered. He said the present plans of the leaders contemplated calling out unions closely allied to the striking railroad men. John T. Riley, chairman of the International Longshoremen's Union, declared that the members of his organization would not strike if the railroad men strike were called it probably would not involve more than 60,000 workers. Strikers declare they have made inroads in the ranks of the company's motormen.

Strike Not Mitigated.

In other respects the strike situation today showed no mitigating features. Every trolley car in Manhattan and the Bronx remained stationary last night. Service was resumed this morning on only a fraction of normal schedules. The Interborough Rapid Transit Company maintains that subway and elevated trains are running regularly. The strikers declare they have made inroads in the ranks of the company's motormen.

Strikebreakers Make Complaint.

Nearly one hundred strikebreakers, most of them from Chicago and Boston, appealed to Mayor Mitchell and the public service commission, claiming that none of the promises made when they were engaged had been kept, and that they were virtually prisoners in car barns. They alleged that armed guards prevented them from leaving and that wages due them were not forthcoming.

Engineers Indorse Strike.

NEWARK, N. J., September 12.—The International Union of Steam and Operating Engineers, in biennial convention here today, adopted a resolution indorsing the transit strike in New York City. Labor leaders active in the situation there addressed the convention here yesterday.

Says Russians Were Repulsed.

BERLIN, September 12, via London.—Concerning the operations in the eastern theater today's official statement says: "Prince Leopold of Bavaria—North of Staras-Czerwiesce a Russian attack with strong forces broke down with heavy losses before our entanglements. "Archduke Charles—in the Carpathian enemy attacks in the region of the Letdowa railway, on Cimbroslawak and on Kapul were repulsed. In a counter attack on Cimbroslawak 170 prisoners were taken."

Western Front Divided Into Three Sectors, With a Prince Commanding Each.

BERLIN, Monday, September 11, via London, September 12, 12:45 p.m.—Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria has now assumed the over-command of the German armies on the Somme front. He is entrusted with the general direction of operations against the Anglo-French offensive. All troops assigned to this task are placed under his control, making possible the distribution of reserves and the employment of all the means of war to the best advantage under a unified plan. Divided Into Three Sectors. The appointment of Prince Rupprecht was effective before the latest visit of



GREECE'S PREMIER WANTS TO RETIRE

Report That Zaimis Has Tendered His Resignation Is Officially Confirmed.

Anxious for Greece's Help.

The reported opposition of Russia and Italy to Greece's co-operation in the war is actually much less than had been believed, and the Serbs, far from objecting, are most anxious that the Greek join the entente. It is generally conceded in entente circles that Gen. Franch, the French commander, would be glad of the assistance of the Greek soldiers who fought against the Bulgars three years ago.

GREEKS MAY FIGHT SOON AS ALLIES OF ENTENTE

High Official Predicts Decisive Step Will Be Taken Within Next Ten Days.

LONDON, September 12.—A Reuter's dispatch from Athens says that the report that Premier Zaimis has tendered his resignation is officially confirmed and that every effort is being made to persuade him to withdraw it. The reasons which prompted Premier Zaimis to present his resignation are not set forth in the dispatches from Athens, except that he complained of internal incidents were preventing him from dealing with the external situation. It is believed in London that his offer to resign was due to the fact that he accepted the post on the understanding that he was to maintain neutrality, and that in view of the Bulgarian occupation of Greek territory finds this no longer possible.

Deemed Drift to War.

NEW LONDON, Conn., September 12.—President Wilson today remained near his sister, Mrs. Anna E. Howe, who is critically ill here. His plans depended largely on the outcome of her sickness. Early this morning it was said that her condition was practically unchanged. The first news of the apparent republican victory in Maine was received by the President from the newspapers this morning, as members of his party would not disturb him last night. He would make no comment this morning.

May Decide in Ten Days.

ATHENS, September 9, via London, September 12 (delayed).—"If the entente and anti-Venizelist factions can only keep quiet for ten days and not embroil the situation, Greece's entry into the war will be a settled fact," said a prominent Greek official to the Associated Press today. "If not," he said, "it is the end of Greece."

Official Russian Report.

"In the region of the River Bialy-Cheremosh our troops carried several heights. Enemy attempts to regain them were unsuccessful. "In the wooded Carpathians, in the region of Kapul mountain, our troops occupied a ridge north of Kapul mountain, and, pursuing the enemy, also took possession of this mountain, making prisoner in this operation 13 officers and 900 men, and capturing seven machine guns, three trench mortars and one searchlight."

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Another Under-Sea Boat To Visit United States

BERLIN, September 11, via London, September 12.—Reports from Bremen say that another merchant submarine is expected to leave that port for the United States at the end of the present month. Some of the projected sister ships to the Deutschland and Bremen has, however, been completed, according to a statement by Philip Heineken, one of the directors of the Ocean Navigation Company, owners of the Deutschland. Asked when the Bremen was expected to arrive in America, Director Heineken said: "Only the gods know," and refused to discuss the matter further.

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D. C. MILK DEALERS AND BAKERS SILENT

Reticent as to Conditions Which Ultimately May Increase Prices.

PRODUCERS TO CONFER WITH FEDERAL OFFICIALS

Dairy Men Said to Be Disturbed Over Watchful Attitude of Department of Justice.

Local milk dealers and bakers are "keeping mum" about the situations which have risen here lately in their respective trades which ultimately may raise the price of milk and bread to the ultimate consumer. Especially reticent are the milk dealers as to what steps they may take if the threatened increased price is asked of them by the milk producers of Maryland and Virginia. Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock the committee appointed by the Maryland and Virginia Milk Producers' Association at its meeting Saturday, will meet officials of the Department of Agriculture to go over the situation. The members of the producers' association were little disturbed today over the attitude of the Department of Justice, which will keep a wary eye open for evidences of combination on part of the producers to raise the price of milk.

Matter of Justice, They Say.

The producers rest their case solely on a matter of justice, they say, and for that reason are willing to put the whole thing up to the Department of Agriculture and to the public itself for ultimate settlement. They are wishing themselves to make any advance in prices, but to let the public do this for them as a matter of justice, they say. Acting Secretary Vrooman of the Department of Agriculture has appointed W. J. Sullivan, chief of the farm management division, and B. H. Rawle, chief of the dairy division, to confer with the members of the milk producers' committee Thursday afternoon and get at the justice in the demands of the producers.

May Not Have Clear Sailing.

The charge that many farmers will not accept up-to-date measures of production was made today by experts of the Department of Agriculture, who state that because of this situation they will not find all clear sailing when they put the case before the public. Rumors are current that certain bakers had raised the price of bread to 10 cents a loaf, but this was denied by the bakers themselves. They said they had raised the price of any of their loaves. Bakers in various parts of the country had stopped baking five-cent loaves and are now turning out of their ovens only ten-cent loaves.

ALLIES ON THE SOMME GIVE GERMANS A REST

Appear Content for the Present to Hold Ground They Have Gained.

LONDON, September 12, 1:45 p.m.—The heavy attacks made by the Anglo-French forces which netted them important gains along the Somme front in northern France last week have been suspended, the allies being apparently contented for the present at least with holding the ground won against German counter attacks. No important infantry operations are chronicled today.

Official Russian Statement.

The following official statement was given out here: "Yesterday evening our heavy artillery caused two large conflagrations in the enemy's ammunition depot at Grandcourt. There was some hostile artillery activity during the night against our lines between Delville Wood and Mouquet Farm. Otherwise there were no developments."

German Attack Repulsed.

PARIS, September 12, via London, 2:52 p.m.—"South of the Somme an enemy attack against one of our trenches east of Belloy-en-Santerre was repulsed easily by means of our machine guns," says the official announcement from the war office today. "A minor operation enabled us to occupy a German trench south of Biocourt cemetery. Everywhere else there was the usual cannonading during the night."

"Last night one of our aerial squadrons bombed the enemy's positions at Le Moncourt, the railroad station at Metz-Babouin and military factories at Dillingen. One of our warships of the Ostrovo group, which fell east of Raudourt, on the Somme front."

Attacks Failed, Says Berlin.

BERLIN, September 12, via London, 4:35 p.m.—The German official report, recounting military operations in France, says: "Western theater, Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria: On both sides of the Somme enemy attempts to make attacks generally were frustrated by our curtain of fire. In the Foreux and Laue woods the English fruitlessly attempted to gain ground by a hand grenade attack. The village of Ginchy fell into the hands of the enemy early yesterday (Sunday) morning. Artillery battle continues with violence."

AMERICAN'S GOLD TAKEN BY BRITISH, PRIEST SAYS

BERLIN, September 12, by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.—"A Roman Catholic priest who is a citizen of the United States says he witnessed an incident which occurred when the British took the Scandinavian-American Line steamship Frederick VIII into Kirkwall early in August. The priest, who was a passenger on the steamship, saw the British take from another passenger, who also is an American citizen, \$10,000 in gold, giving him paper money in place of it."

BULGARS IN FLIGHT ON STRUMA FRONT, REPORT TO LONDON

Said to Have Suffered Enormous Losses in Battle Lasting 36 Hours.

FRENCH JOIN THE BRITISH IN MACEDONIAN ATTACKS

Capture Enemy Positions on Front Two Miles in Length and 800 Yards in Depth.

KAVALA PORTS ARE GIVEN UP

Arrival of Entente Warships at the Greek Port Had Destroyed Their Military Value to the Bulgarians.

LONDON, September 12, 3:44 p.m.—The new offensive of the entente allies on the Macedonian front has resulted in the defeat of the Bulgarians, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Athens.

The Bulgarians sustained enormous losses in a battle of thirty-six hours, the dispatch says, and are beating a retreat, pursued by the allies.

French Get Into Fighting.

French troops, co-operating with the British in the new offensive on the Struma, have captured a village from the Bulgarians. It was announced officially today. The British forces which crossed the river have seized Bulgarian trenches on the east bank.

The announcement follows:

"The detachments mentioned yesterday as crossing the Struma at Neboresh seized trenches on the eastern bank. "A French detachment co-operating with the British captured the village of Yenimah and took thirty prisoners. "In these operations the enemy suffered heavily from rifle and artillery fire during his retirement, and also in his counter-attacks. Several ambulances were seen on the Demir-Hisar road."

On the Dolan front our artillery carried out systematic bombardments of the enemy trenches north of Makukova."

Bulgar Positions Captured.

PARIS, September 12, via London, 3:03 p.m.—French troops on the Macedonian front, taking the offensive against the Bulgarians, have captured all the positions of their opponents on a front of two miles to a depth of about 800 yards, it was announced officially today.

The announcement follows:

"On the Struma front British troops engaged the